



La Tribune de la Nouvelle-Orleans, or The New Orleans Tribune, was the first daily African American newspaper in the U.S. Charles Louis Roudanez started the paper in 1864 and had two full-time editors, Paul Trevigne and Jean-Charles Houzeau. The paper was printed in both French and English. The newspaper gained notoriety because of its editorials which were often sent to every member of Congress. La Tribune supported the goals and ideas of the free African American community in New Orleans in the final years of

the Civil War and the subsequent Reconstruction period. Some of these ideas included dividing up and giving the South's plantations to former slaves, giving African American children access to public education and giving newly freed slaves fair and decent working conditions. The newspaper eventually saw its demise in 1868 when Trevigne and Houzeau split on political differences.